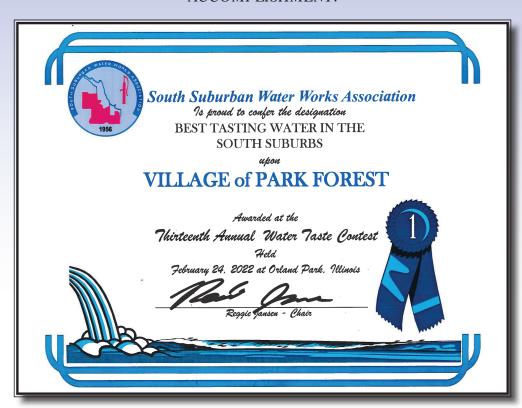
Dieldrin			
Some people who drink water conta immune system, fetal damage may o	ining excessive D ccur in pregnant	ieldrin over a lo women, and may h	ong period of time may experience problems with their liver, nervous system, weakened ave an increased risk of getting cancer.
Violation Type	Violation Begin	Violation End	Violation Explanation
MONITORING, ROUTINE MINOR	01/01/2020	12/31/2022	We failed to complete all the required tests of our drinking water for the contaminant and period indicated.
Dinoseb			
Some people who drink water conta	ining dinoseb wel	l in excess of the	he MCL over many years could experience reproductive difficulties.
Violation Type	Violation Begin	Violation End	Violation Explanation
MONITORING, ROUTINE MINOR	01/01/2020	12/31/2022	We failed to complete all the required tests of our drinking water for the contaminant and period indicated.
Diquat			
	ining diquat in e	xcess of the MCL	over many years could get cataracts.
Violation Type	Violation Begin	Violation End	Violation Explanation
MONITORING, ROUTINE MINOR	01/01/2020	12/31/2022	We failed to complete all the required tests of our drinking water for the contaminant and
			period indicated.
Endothall	ining ondothall i	n avgagg of the l	MCI over many years could experience problems with their stemach or intestings
Violation Type	Violation Begin		MCL over many years could experience problems with their stomach or intestines. Violation Explanation
MONITORING, ROUTINE MINOR	01/01/2020	12/31/2022	We failed to complete all the required tests of our drinking water for the contaminant and
NONTICKING, ROUTING MINOR	01/01/2020	12, 31, 2022	period indicated.
Endrin			
Some people who drink water conta	ining endrin in e	xcess of the MCL	over many years could experience liver problems.
Violation Type	Violation Begin	Violation End	Violation Explanation
MONITORING, ROUTINE MINOR	01/01/2020	12/31/2022	We failed to complete all the required tests of our drinking water for the contaminant and period indicated.
Ethylene dibromide			
Some people who drink water conta reproductive system, or kidneys,	ining ethylene di	bromide in excess	s of the MCL over many years could experience problems with their liver, stomach,
Violation Type	Violation Begin		Violation Explanation
MONITORING, ROUTINE MINOR	01/01/2020	12/31/2022	We failed to complete all the required tests of our drinking water for the contaminant and period indicated.
Heptachlor			
Some people who drink water conta	ining heptachlor	in excess of the	MCL over many years could experience liver damage and may have an increased risk of
getting cancer. Violation Type	Violation Begin	Violation End	Violation Explanation
MONITORING, ROUTINE MINOR	01/01/2020	12/31/2022	We failed to complete all the required tests of our drinking water for the contaminant and period indicated.
Heptachlor epoxide			p
	ining heptachlor	epoxide in excess	s of the MCL over many years could experience liver damage, and may have an increased risk
of getting cancer. Violation Type	Violation Begin		Violation Explanation
MONITORING, ROUTINE MINOR	01/01/2020		We failed to complete all the required tests of our drinking water for the contaminant and
			period indicated.
Hexachlorobenzene			
Some people who drink water conta adverse reproductive effects, and	ining hexachlorob may have an incr	enzene in excess eased risk of ge	of the MCL over many years could experience problems with their liver or kidneys, or tting cancer.
Violation Type	Violation Begin	Violation End	Violation Explanation
MONITORING, ROUTINE MINOR	01/01/2020	12/31/2022	We failed to complete all the required tests of our drinking water for the contaminant and period indicated.
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene			
Some people who drink water conta stomach.	ining hexachloroc	yclopentadiene w	ell in excess of the MCL over many years could experience problems with their kidneys or
Violation Type	Violation Begin	Violation End	Violation Explanation
MONITORING, ROUTINE MINOR	01/01/2020	12/31/2022	We failed to complete all the required tests of our drinking water for the contaminant and period indicated.
Lindane			
Some people who drink water conta	ining lindane in	excess of the MC	L over many years could experience problems with their kidneys or liver.
Violation Type	Violation Begin	Violation End	Violation Explanation
MONITORING, ROUTINE MINOR	01/01/2020	12/31/2022	We failed to complete all the required tests of our drinking water for the contaminant and
			period indicated.
Methoxychlor			100
			he MCL over many years could experience reproductive difficulties.
Violation Type MONITORING, ROUTINE MINOR		Violation End 12/31/2022	Violation Explanation We failed to complete all the required tests of our drinking water for the contaminant and
MONITORING, ROUTINE MINUK	01/01/2020	12/31/2022	We failed to complete all the required tests of our drinking water for the contaminant and period indicated.
Oxamyl [Vydate]			
Some people who drink water conta			
	ining oxamyi in e	xcess of the MCL	over many years could experience slight nervous system effects.
Violation Type			over many years could experience slight nervous system effects. Violation Explanation
Violation Type MONITORING, ROUTINE MINOR			

PCBs [Polychlorinated biphe	enyls]				
			ver many years could experience changes in their skin, problems with their thymus gland, s, and may have an increased risk of getting cancer.		
Violation Type Violation Begin Violation End Violation Explanation					
MONITORING, ROUTINE MINOR	01/01/2020	12/31/2022	We failed to complete all the required tests of our drinking water for the contaminant and period indicated.		
Pentachlorophenol					
Some people who drink water conta have an increased risk of getting		phenol in excess	of the MCL over many years could experience problems with their liver or kidneys, and may $% \left(1\right) =\left(1\right) \left(1\right$		
Violation Type	Violation Begin	Violation End	Violation Explanation		
MONITORING, ROUTINE MINOR	01/01/2020	12/31/2022	We failed to complete all the required tests of our drinking water for the contaminant and period indicated.		
Picloram					
Some people who drink water conta	ining picloram in	excess of the M	CL over many years could experience problems with their liver.		
Violation Type	Violation Begin	Violation End	Violation Explanation		
MONITORING, ROUTINE MINOR	01/01/2020	12/31/2022	We failed to complete all the required tests of our drinking water for the contaminant and period indicated.		
Simazine					
Some people who drink water conta	ining simazine in	excess of the M	CL over many years could experience problems with their blood.		
Violation Type	Violation Begin	Violation End	Violation Explanation		
MONITORING, ROUTINE MINOR	01/01/2020	12/31/2022	We failed to complete all the required tests of our drinking water for the contaminant and period indicated.		
Toxaphene					
Some people who drink water conta an increased risk of getting canc		n excess of the !	MCL over many years could have problems with their kidneys, liver, or thyroid, and may have		
Violation Type	Violation Begin	Violation End	Violation Explanation		
MONITORING, ROUTINE MINOR	01/01/2020	12/31/2022	We failed to complete all the required tests of our drinking water for the contaminant and period indicated.		

PARK FOREST WATER, WINNER OF THE SOUTH SUBURBAN WATER WORKS
"BEST TASTING WATER IN THE SOUTH SUBURBS": 2010, 2012, 2014, 2018, 2019,
2020 and 2022. THIS IS THE SEVENTH TIME WE HAVE ACHIEVED THIS PRESTIGIOUS
ACCOMPLISHMENT.







Annual Water Quality Report 2023

Our Mission:

Our mission is to provide you with high-quality, safe drinking water that meets or surpasses every federal and state standard.

Contact us at:

Village of Park Forest
Department of Public Works
Phone: 708-503-7702

EPA Safe DrinkingWater Hotline: 1-800-426-4791

Web Site:

www.vopf.com

Village of Park Forest Annual Water-Quality Report

The Village of Park Forest is proud of the drinking water it provides. Our mission is to provide you with high-quality, safe drinking water that meets or surpasses every Federal and State standard. In 2022, the Village of Park Forest distributed more than 550 million gallons of water to our customers. As mandated by the Safe Drinking Water Act (SDWA), this Water Quality Report details Park Forest's water sources, the results of water tests, and other information. The information in this report covers the Village's water operations, January 1, through December 31, 2022.

We encourage public interest and participation in our community's decisions affecting drinking water. Regular meetings of the Village of Park Forest Board of Trustees are held monthly at Village Hall, 350 Victory Drive. Meeting schedules can be found at www.vopf.com or call 708-748-1112. Public comments are welcomed at these meetings. For questions on this report, contact Wendy Schafer, Chief Water Plant Operator, 708-503-7702, visit www.epa.gov/safewater or the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) information web site.

Water Source

The Village of Park Forest is supplied by groundwater pumped from six wells drilled approximately 340 feet deep into a dolomite limestone aquifer. The wells are all located within a one-mile radius of the Water Plant. Water is pumped from the wells to the plant where it is softened using a lime and soda ash softening process. The water is also filtered through sand/anthracite filters. Chlorine is added as a disinfectant, orthophosphate is added for corrosion control and fluoride is added to help prevent tooth decay. Water is then pumped from the plant to the consumer through miles of underground water mains.

Other Monitoring

Our water system tests for hundreds of additional substances to make certain our water is safe and of high quality. If you are interested in a summary of all tests, contact the Public Works Department at 708-503-7702, or visit Drinking Water Watch at the Illinois Environmental Protection Agency web site http://www.epa.state.il.us/water/.

Completed Source Water Assessment

We want our valued customers to be informed about their water quality. If you would like to learn more, please feel welcome to attend any of regularly scheduled meetings. The Source water assessment for our supply has been completed by the Illinois EPA. If you would like a copy of this information, please stop by Village Hall or call Dept of Public Works at 708-748-1112. To view a summary version of the completed Source Water Assessments, including: Importance of Source Water; Susceptibility of Contamination Determination; and documentation/recommendation of Source Water Protection Efforts, you may access the Illinois EPA website at http://www.epa.state.il.us/cgi-bin/wp/swap-fact-sheets.pl

Based on information obtained in a Well Site Survey, published in 1992 by the Illinois EPA, twenty-four possible problem sites were identified within the survey area of Park Forest. Furthermore, information provided by the Leaking Underground Storage Tank and Remedial Project Management Sections of the Illinois EPA indicted several additional sites with ongoing remediation which may be of concern. Based on information provided by the Park Forest Chief Water Plant Operator, the following facility, indicted as a potential source in the site data table, have changed their status: Village of Park Forest (Tanks Removed). The Illinois EPA has determined that the source water obtained from Park Forest Wells #1through #6 is susceptible to contamination. This means, if a source of contamination is present near a well, the aquifer could be affected. This determination is based on a number of criteria including: monitoring conducted at the wells; monitoring conducted at the entry point to the distribution system; and the available hydrogeological data on the wells. The Illinois Environmental Protection Act provides a minimum protection zone of 400 feet for Park Forest's wells. These minimum protection zones are regulated by the Illinois EPA.

The sources of drinking water (both tap water and bottled water) include rivers lakes, streams, ponds,

reservoirs, springs, and groundwater wells. As water travels over the surface of the land or through the ground, it dissolves naturally-occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive material, and can pickup substances resulting from the presence of animals or from human activity.

Drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the EPA's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at (800) 426-4791.

Contaminants that may be present in source water include:

Microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, which may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations and wildlife.

Inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally occurring or result from urban storm water runoff, industrial, or domestic wastewater

Water Quality Report

discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming.

Pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban storm water runoff, and residential uses.

Organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations, urban storm water runoff, and septic systems.

Radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities.

In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations which limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. FDA regulations establish limits for contaminants in bottled water which must provide the same protection for public health.

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who

have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/ AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by Cryptosporidium and other microbial contaminants are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4701)

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. We cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using the water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead

Regulated Contaminants Lead and Copper

Definitions:

Action Level Goal (ALG): The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. ALGs allow for a margin of safety.

Action Level: The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.

Lead and Copper	Date Sampled	MCLG	Action Level (AL)	90th Percentile	# Sites Over AL	Units	Violation	Likely Source of Contamination
Copper	2020	1.3	1.3	0.236	0	ppm	N	Erosion of natural deposits, Leaching from wood preservatives; Corrosion of household plumbing systems.
Lead	2020	0	15	1.66	2	ppb	N	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; Erosion of natural deposits.

Water Quality Test Results

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal or MCLG: The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

Maximum Contaminant Level or MCL: The highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Maximumresidual disinfectant level goal or MRDLG: The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

Maximum residual disinfectant level or MRDL: The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control of microbial contaminants.

Definitions: The following tables contain scientific terms and measures, some of which may require explanation.

ppb: micrograms per liter or parts per billion - or one ounce in 7,350,000 gallons of water

na: not applicable.

Avg: Regulatory compliance with some MCLs are based on running annual average of monthly samples.

ppm: milligrams per liter or parts per million - or one ounce in 7,350 gallons of water.

Level 1 Assessment: A Level 1 assessment is a study of the water system to identify potential problems and determine (if possible) why total coliform bacteria have been found in our water system.

Level 2 Assessment: A Level 2 Assessment is a very detailed study of the water system to identify potential problems and deterimine (if Possible) why an E. coli MCL violation has occurred and/or why total coliform bacteria have been found in our water system on multiple occasions.

mrem: millirens per year (a measure of radiation absorbed by the body).

Treatment Technique or TT: A required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water.

2022 Regulated Contaminants Detected

Collection Highest Level Bange of Levels MCLG MCL Units Violation Likely Source of Contamination

	Date	Detected	Detected	MCLG	MIGL	Units	Violation	Likely Source of Contamination	
DISINFECTANTS AND DISINFECTION BY-PRODUCTS									
Chlorine	12/31/2022	0.9	0.7 - 1	MRDLG = 4	MRDL = 4	ppm	N	Water additive used to control microbes	
Halaocetic Acids (HAA5)*	2022	3	1.2 - 3.2	No goal for the total	60	ppb	N	By-product of drinking water chlorination.	
Total Trihalomethanes (TThm)	2022	19	7.1 - 19.1	No goal for the total	80	ppb	N	By-product of drinking water chlorination.	
Not all sample results r in the future.	may have been used	d for calculating the F	lighest Level Detected	because some resu	ılts may be part	of an evalu	ation to dete	rmine where compliance sampling should occur	
INORGANIC CONTAMII	NANTS								
Chromium	2015	3.4	3.4 - 3.4	100	100	ppb	N	Erosion of natural deposits; Runoff from orchards; Runoff from glass and electronics production wastes.	
Barium	6/2/2021	0.0023	0.0023 - 0.0023	2	2	ppm	N	Discharge of drilling wastes; Discharge from metal refineries; Erosion or natural deposits	
Fluoride	2021	0.67	0.67 - 0.67	4	4.0	ppm	N	Erosion of natural deposits; Water additive which promotes strong teeth; Discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories.	
Nitrate (measured as Nitrogen)	2022	0.28	0.28 - 0.28	10	10	ppm	N	Runoff from fertilizer use; Leaching from septic tanks, sewage; Erosion of natural deposits.	
Selenium	06/20/2012	5.0	5.0 - 5.0	50	50	ppb	N	Discharge from petroleum and metal refine Erosion of natural deposits; Discharge from mines.	
Sodium	2021	160	160 - 160			ppm	N	Erosion from naturally occurring deposits; Uses in water softener regeneration.	
RADIOACTIVE CONTAI	MINANTS								
Beta/photon emitters	01/13/2014	5.8	5.8 - 5.8	0	50	mrem/yr	N	Decay of natural and man-made deposits	

IMPORTANT INFORMATION ABOUT YOUR DRINKING WATER 2022 Violation Summary Table for Park Forest

We are required to monitor your drinking water for specific contaminants on a regular basis. Results of regular monitoring are an indicator of whether or not our drinking water meets health standards. The following table(s) lists all violations that occurred during 2022.

2,4,5-TP (Silvex)

Some people who drink water containing silvex in excess of MCL over many years could experience liver problems

VIOLATION TYPE:	VIOLATION BEGIN:	VIOLATION END:	VIOLATION DESCRITPTION:
Monitoring, Rountine minor	01/01/2020	12/31/2022	We failed to complete all the required tests of our drinking water for the contaminant and period

IMPORTANT INFORMATION ABOUT YOUR DRINKING WATER 2022 Violation Summary Table for Park Forest

We are required to monitor your drinking water for specific contaminants on a regular basis. Results of regular monitoring are an indicator of whether or not our drinking water meets health standards. The following table(s) lists all violations that occurred during 2022.

2,4,5-TP (Silvex)			
Some people who drink water co	ontaining silvex in ex	ccess of the MCL	over many years could experience liver problems.
Violation Type	Violation Begin	Violation End	Violation Explanation
MONITORING, ROUTINE MINOR	01/01/2020	12/31/2022	We failed to complete all the required tests of our drinking water for the contaminant at period indicated.
2.4.0			period indicated.
2,4-D			
or adrenal glands.			in excess of the MCL over many years could experience problems with their kidneys, liver,
Violation Type	Violation Begin	Violation End	Violation Explanation
MONITORING, ROUTINE MINOR	01/01/2020	12/31/2022	We failed to complete all the required tests of our drinking water for the contaminant an period indicated.
Alachlor			
Some people who drink water co	ontaining alachlor in we an increased risk o	excess of the M	CL over many years could have problems with their eyes, liver, kidneys, or spleen, or r.
Violation Type			Violation Explanation
MONITORING, ROUTINE MINOR	01/01/2020	12/31/2022	We failed to complete all the required tests of our drinking water for the contaminant as period indicated.
Aldrin			·
		1	
system, fetal damage may occur	in pregnant women, a	and may have an	g period of time may experience problems with their liver, nervous system, weakened immune increased risk of getting cancer.
Violation Type	Violation Begin	Violation End	Violation Explanation
MONITORING, ROUTINE MINOR	01/01/2020	12/31/2022	We failed to complete all the required tests of our drinking water for the contaminant as period indicated.
Atrazine			
Some people who drink water co	ontaining atrazine wel	l in excess of	the MCL over many years could experience problems with their cardiovascular system or
reproductive difficulties. Violation Type	Violation Begin	Violation End	Violation Explanation
MONITORING, ROUTINE MINOR	01/01/2020	12/31/2022	We failed to complete all the required tests of our drinking water for the contaminant ar
			period indicated.
Benzo(a)pyrene			
Some people who drink water corisk of getting cancer.	ontaining benzo(a)pyre	ene in excess of	the MCL over many years may experience reproductive difficulties and may have an increase
Violation Type	Violation Begin	Violation End	Violation Explanation
MONITORING, ROUTINE MINOR	01/01/2020	12/31/2022	We failed to complete all the required tests of our drinking water for the contaminant appeared indicated.
Carbofuran			
Some people who drink water co	ontaining carbofuran i	in excess of the	MCL over many years could experience problems with their blood, or nervous or reproductive
systems. Violation Type	Violation Begin		Violation Explanation
MONITORING, ROUTINE MINOR	01/01/2020	12/31/2022	We failed to complete all the required tests of our drinking water for the contaminant as
MONITORING, ROUTINE MINOR	01/01/2020	12/31/2022	period indicated.
Chlordane			
Some people who drink water co		excess of the	MCL over many years could experience problems with their liver or nervous system, and may
Violation Type	Violation Begin	Violation End	Violation Explanation
MONITORING, ROUTINE MINOR	01/01/2020	12/31/2022	We failed to complete all the required tests of our drinking water for the contaminant as period indicated.
D-1			period indicated.
Dalapon			
Some people who drink water co	ontaining dalapon well		he MCL over many years could experience minor kidney changes.
Violation Type	Violation Begin	Violation End	Violation Explanation
MONITORING, ROUTINE MINOR	01/01/2020	12/31/2022	We failed to complete all the required tests of our drinking water for the contaminant a period indicated.
Di (2-ethylhexyl) adipat	:e		
Some people who drink water co	ontaining di (2-ethylh	nexyl) adipate w	ell in excess of the MCL over many years could experience general toxic effects or
reproductive difficulties. Violation Type	Violation Begin	Violation End	Violation Explanation
MONITORING, ROUTINE MINOR	01/01/2020	12/31/2022	We failed to complete all the required tests of our drinking water for the contaminant a
			period indicated.
Di (2-ethylhexyl) phthal	ate		
Some people who drink water coreproductive difficulties, and	ontaining di (2-ethylh I may have an increase	nexyl) phthalate ed risk of getti	in excess of the MCL over many years may have problems with their liver, or experience ng cancer.
Violation Type	Violation Begin		Violation Explanation
MONITORING, ROUTINE MINOR	01/01/2020	12/31/2022	We failed to complete all the required tests of our drinking water for the contaminant a period indicated.
Mil	1		<u>r</u>
Dibromochloropropane (DB			
Some people who drink water co getting cancer.	ontaining DBCP in exce	ess of the MCL o	ver many years could experience reproductive difficulties and may have an increased risk o
Violation Type	Violation Begin	Violation End	Violation Explanation

failed to complete all the required tests of our drinking water for the con-

Monitoring Violations Annual Notice

IMPORTANT INFORMATION ABOUT YOUR DRINKING WATER

Monitoring Requirements Not Met for Park Forest

Our water system violated several drinking water standards over the past year. Even though these were not emergencies, as our customers, you have a right to know what happened and what we did to correct these situations.

We are required to monitor your drinking water for specific contaminants on a regular basis. Results of regular monitoring are an indicator of whether or not our drinking water meets health standards. During April 2021 to June 2021 we did not complete all monitoring or testing for synthetic organic compounds and therefore cannot be sure of the quality of our drinking water during that time.

What should I do?

There is nothing you need to do at this time.

The table below lists the contaminant(s) we did not properly test for during the last year, how often we are supposed to sample for synthetic organic compound, how many samples we are supposed to take, how many samples we took, when samples should have been taken, and the date on which follow-up samples were (or will be) taken.

Contaminant	Required sampling frequency	Number of samples taken	When all samples should have been taken	When samples were or will be taken
SOCs	2 samples every 3 years	1 sample taken	January 2021 to December 2021	June 2023

What happened? What is being done?

We plan to take the required samples soon, as described in the last column of the table above.

For more information, please contact Roderick Ysaguirre at (708)503-7702 or Village Hall, Public Works dept.

Please share this information with all the other people who drink this water, especially those who may not have received this notice directly (for example, people in apartments, nursing homes, schools, and businesses). You can do this by posting this notice in a public place or distributing copies by hand or mail.

This notice is being sent to you by Park Forest.	Water System ID#	0314740	Date distributed	6/20/2023

SOCs, also known as synthetic organic compounds, are tested by collecting one sample in two consecutive quarters and testing each sample for all the SOCs. SOCs are commonly used in industrial and manufacturing processes. SOCs include endrin, BHC-Gamma, methoxychlor, toxaphene, dalpon, diquat, endothall, di(2-ethylhexyl) adipate, oxamyl, simazine, di(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate, picloram, dinoseb, hexachlorocyclopentadiene, aldicarb sulfoxide, aldicarb sulfone, carbofuran, aldicarb, altrazine, lasso, heptachlor, heptachlor epoxide, dieldrin, 2,4-d, 2,4,5-TP, hexachlorobenzene, benzo(A)pyrene, pentachlorophenol, aldrin, total polychlorinated biphenyls (PCB), total DDT, 1,2-dibromo-3-chloropropane, ethylene dibromide, chlor